

Report of:	Meeting	Date	Item No.
Cllr Alan Vincent, Resources Portfolio Holder and Peter Mason, Head of Contact Centre	Council	18 January 2018	9

Localised Council Tax Support

1. Purpose of report

- 1.1 To confirm the continuation of the current Localised Council Tax Support Scheme, originally implemented 1 April 2013, for the 2018/19 financial year.

2. Outcomes

- 2.1 Improved incentives to work, ensuring resources are used more effectively, so reducing worklessness and ending a culture of benefit dependency.
- 2.2 Compliance with the Welfare Reform Act 2012 and specifically its provisions for the abolition of Council Tax benefit and replacement with new localised schemes.

3. Recommendations

- 3.1 That the current Localised Council Tax Support Scheme be continued into the 2018/19 financial year with the additional maximum percentage contribution from working age claimants being no more than 8.5%.
- 3.2 That the original policy be confirmed, recognising that it includes a number of specified amounts used to calculate entitlement which may change in line with upratings published by the DWP, that there may also be minor adjustments to the scheme should further guidance be received from the DCLG and that the roll out of Universal Credit will ultimately replace existing benefits.

4. Background

- 4.1 As part of the 2012 Welfare Reform Act the national Council Tax Benefit (CTB) scheme was abolished and in accordance with the Local Government Finance Act 2012 local authorities were required to introduce Localised Council Tax Support (LCTS) schemes from April 2013.

- 4.2** Support for Council Tax is now offered as reductions within the Council Tax system with claimants of state pension credit age receiving a discount of 100% thereby ensuring that they experience no reduction in support as a direct result of the reform.
- 4.3** Localisation provided local authorities the flexibility to design Council Tax Support schemes for working age claimants taking into account the needs of vulnerable groups and the importance of supporting work incentives. Following a consultation exercise, the Council agreed at their meeting of 29 November 2012 to adopt a scheme which qualified for transitional grant for one year ensuring that:
- Those who would be entitled to 100% support under current Council Tax benefit arrangements pay between zero and no more than 8.5% of their net Council Tax liability;
 - The taper does not increase above 25%;
 - There is no sharp reduction in support for those entering work – for claimants currently entitled to less than 100% support, the taper will be applied to an amount at least equal to their maximum eligible award.

5. Key issues and proposals

- 5.1** Paragraph 5 of Schedule 1A to the Local Government Finance Act 1992 requires the authority to consider whether for each financial year the scheme is to be revised or replaced. The authority must make any revision to its scheme, or any replacement scheme, no later than the 31 January in the financial year preceding that for which the revision or replacement scheme is to have effect. Where this is the case then the procedural requirements in paragraph 3 of that schedule will apply, namely that the authority must:
- Consult any major precepting authority;
 - Publish a draft scheme; and
 - Consult such other persons as it considers are likely to have an interest in the operation of the scheme.
- 5.2** As at the end of September 2017, the number of working age claimants eligible for council tax support was 4,719 compared to 4,803 last year and the number of pensioners eligible for council tax support was 4,681 compared to 4,888 last year. The reduction in overall pension age cases is attributable to an ongoing review of pension credit eligibility that has subsequently impacted on some pensioners' LCTS entitlement. The reduction in working age cases comes as a consequence of the Government's drive to help more unemployed people into work.
- 5.3** The value of the benefit awarded as at the end of September 2017 is £8,343,292 compared to £8,287,968 last year, an increase of £55,324, With the increase being attributable to the increase in Council Tax.

- 5.4** The collection rate for 2016/17 was 97.68%, a reduction of 0.21% when compared to the 2015/16 rate of 97.89%. However, it should be noted that on the introduction of LCTS, the assumed collection rate was reduced from 98.5% to 98%. The reduction being attributable in part to the Government's introduction of an optional 12 monthly instalments scheme.
- 5.5** The Council continues to be involved in recovery work with 12,179 reminders issued in 2016/17 compared with 13,827 in the previous year and 5,307 summonses issued for non-payment compared with 6,029 for the previous year.
- 5.6** The County Council's Cabinet response to Wyre's proposed scheme in November 2012, and especially the adoption of a scheme limiting the contribution from working age claimants to be no more than 8.5%, was as follows:
- 'You are aware that the grant offered by the government will not cover the cost of the scheme as proposed by the Secretary of State. Our initial estimates are that if all the Districts across Lancashire accepted the grant, the additional cost to the County Council could be in the range of £2.5m - £3m in 2013/14, potentially rising to over £5m in 2014/15 (depending on what assumptions are made regarding the number of claimants, and collection levels). Clearly, there would be a financial impact on your Council as well. The County Council is very concerned as to the potential impact that the further reductions required to fund this would have on services to the most vulnerable members of our communities across Lancashire, and does not support the implementation of a scheme which leaves such significant costs to fall on the County Council's revenue budget. The resolution of the County Council's Cabinet is set out below, and I ask that this be taken into account when your Council considers its council tax support scheme.' "The County Treasurer be requested to urge all District Councils to carefully consider their response to the Government's announcement of £100m one-off funding for those authorities who implement a council tax support scheme which ensures that claimants currently on 100% support would not pay more than 8.5% of their net council tax liability and the impact on both their own services and the services provided by the County Council to the most vulnerable people in Lancashire."
- 5.7** There was a similar response from the Fire Authority who went on to say that 'As such the Authority does not support amending the scheme to qualify for the one off grant unless the additional cost is offset by amendments to the level of council tax discounts and exemptions that are currently provided in both 2013/14 and 2014/15.'
- 5.8** It should be noted that Wyre did introduce amendments to the level of discounts and exemptions awarded with effect from 1 April 2013, with further amendments effective 1 April 2014, and still further amendments from 1 April 2016.
- 5.9** An equality impact assessment was completed prior to the original Localised Council Tax Support Scheme being implemented in April 2013.

5.10 As the current scheme has now been in operation since 1 April 2013 and recognising that collection rates are in accordance with the estimate, it is proposed that the existing scheme be continued. This ensures that Wyre will continue to protect the most vulnerable in our society by limiting the maximum contribution to the localised council tax support scheme for those on full benefit to 8.5% when our neighbouring Councils of Blackpool and Fylde already ask their residents to pay 27.11% and 22.7%.

Financial and legal implications																						
Finance	<p>The Council was previously reimbursed by the DWP for expenditure in relation to correctly awarded CTB but as part of the welfare reforms, expenditure on Localised Council Tax Support was reduced by 10%. The Local Government Finance Settlement included £8,077,777 for Council Tax Support in 2013/14 and of this, £963,119 was retained by Wyre.</p> <p>The Government claim that the total level of localised council tax support funding has remained unchanged in cash terms in 2014/15 although there is no separately identifiable amount for localised council tax support at local authority level since it was subsumed within the Revenue Support Grant and Baseline Funding. It is also worth remembering that the Council suffered a reduction in grant funding of £1.022m or 13.6% in 2014/15.</p> <p>Inflating the 2017/18 anticipated expenditure on LCTS of £8,343,000 by 3.49%, Wyre's average council tax increase in 2017/18, indicates that the estimated cost of the scheme for 2018/19 would be approximately £8,634,171. Applying the indicative start-up funding allocation of £8,077,777 leaves an unfunded gap of approximately £556,394 to be met by each precepting body as follows:</p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: right;">%</th> <th style="text-align: right;">£</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Wyre</td> <td style="text-align: right;">11.4</td> <td style="text-align: right;">63,429</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Parish/Town Councils*</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1.1</td> <td style="text-align: right;">6,120</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Combined Fire Authority</td> <td style="text-align: right;">3.9</td> <td style="text-align: right;">21,699</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Lancashire Police Authority</td> <td style="text-align: right;">10.0</td> <td style="text-align: right;">55,639</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LCC</td> <td style="text-align: right;">73.6</td> <td style="text-align: right;">409,507</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-top: 1px solid black;">556,394</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*This is an average cost and will not necessarily be incurred by individual Parish/Town Councils</p>		%	£	Wyre	11.4	63,429	Parish/Town Councils*	1.1	6,120	Combined Fire Authority	3.9	21,699	Lancashire Police Authority	10.0	55,639	LCC	73.6	409,507			556,394
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Legal	<p>The Council must be able to demonstrate that it has complied with the statutory guidance surrounding the implementation of any revised or replacement scheme. A judgement against Sandwell MBC has found that the practice of withholding council tax support from newcomers to the area is unlawful.</p>																					

Other risks/implications: checklist

If there are significant implications arising from this report on any issues marked with a ✓ below, the report author will have consulted with the appropriate specialist officers on those implications and addressed them in the body of the report. There are no significant implications arising directly from this report, for those issues marked with a x.

implications	✓ / x
community safety	x
equality and diversity	✓
sustainability	x
health and safety	x

risks/implications	✓ / x
asset management	x
climate change	x
data protection	x

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List of background papers:		
name of document	date	where available for inspection
None		

List of appendices

None

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